Product Description

6H-SiC(0001) based calibration sample is designed to perform easy calibrations of AFM scanner vertical movement in subnanometer intervals. The simplicity of calibration process is provided by nearly uniform distribution of half-monolayer high (0.75 nm) steps on the sample surface demonstrating chemical and mechanical stability. The step height corresponds to the half of lattice constant of 6H-SiC crystal in [0001] direction.

Specification:

- Chip size 5x5x0.3 mm3
- Average interstep distance 0.15-0.4 μm
- Misorientation of surface ~ 0.2°
- Single step height 0.75 nm
- Average roughness of the area between steps (terraces) 0.09 nm

Fig. 1. 3D AFM image 10x10 μm

Fig. 2. AFM image 1,6x1,6 µm

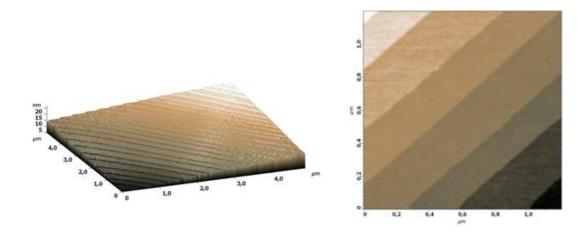
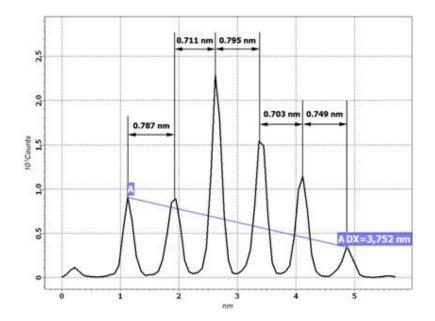


Fig.3 Height spectra



Calibration procedure

To calibrate AFM scanner movements along the Z axis the following operations are to be performed:

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Place the SiC-0.75 nm calibration sample on the flat horizontal working area under the AFM probe.

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Approach the AFM probe to the sample surface and make topography scanning in the height measure mode using the scan size of about 5 μ m (Fig. 1). Make sure that there is no dust on the surface and choose for further measurements the area about 1.5x1.5 μ m2.

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After obtaining good quality AFM-image of the surface area with several steps use the software filter to flatten image so that every single step become horizontal (Fig. 2). Choose the area on AFM-image for obtaining height spectra by using possibilities of AFM software. Please, choose the area with maximum number of steps for better statistics. After obtaining height spectra with peaks corresponding to each step, measure the interpeak distances. Note that distances between neighboring peaks may vary a little (see Fig.3), so it is useful to average distances between peaks by measuring distance between far standing peaks and dividing the measured value by the

number of included interpeak distances (A–A on Fig. 3). Change the scanner calibrating constant while average interpeak distance becomes 0.75 nm.

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